



# ROSCOMMON

## 2018 TRENDS IN CHILD WELL-BEING

(All Data Are For 2016 Unless Otherwise Noted)

Overall  
Rank for Child  
Well-Being

66

POPULATION	2010			2015			% change											
	2010	2015	% change	2010	2015	% change	2010	2015	% change									
Total population	24,969	23,898	-4.3%	Child population by race														
Child population 0–17	3,926	3,660	-6.8%	Hispanic 0–17			2010			2015			% change					
• Ages 0–5	1,143	1,088	-4.8%	Non-Hispanic 0–17			• White			3,703			3,329			-10.1%		
• Ages 6–12	1,488	1,448	-2.7%	• African-American/Black			68			66			-2.9%					
• Ages 13–17	1,295	1,116	-13.8%	• American Indian			41			49			19.5%					
				• Other			25			102			308.0%					

	BASE YEAR		CURRENT YEAR				
	NUMBER	RATE	NUMBER	RATE	RATE CHANGE	MI RATE	RANK <sup>1</sup>
<b>ECONOMIC SECURITY</b>	<u>2010</u>		<u>2016</u>				
Children in poverty, ages 0–17	1,500	39.4%	1,159	32.9%	-16.5%	20.7%	79
Young children, ages 0–5, in the Food Assistance Program <sup>2</sup>	700	60.7%	456	41.9%	-31.0%	28.0%	81
Students receiving free/reduced-price school lunches <sup>3</sup>	<u>2009–10 (SY)</u>		<u>2016–17 (SY)</u>				
	2,115	64.8%	1,967	65.9%	1.6%	45.8%	78
<b>HEALTH</b>	<u>2008–10 (avg.)</u>		<u>2013–15 (avg.)</u>				
Less than adequate prenatal care	42	24.4%	36	22.0%	-9.7%	32.4%	4
Low-birthweight babies	12	6.8%	12	7.1%	3.8%	8.4%	44 of 81
Infant mortality (per 1,000)	1	*	1	*	*	6.9	* of 45
Child/Teen deaths, ages 1–19 (per 100,000)	2	52.6	2	*	*	25.3	* of 51
<b>FAMILY AND COMMUNITY (per 1,000)</b>	<u>2008–10 (avg.)</u>		<u>2013–15 (avg.)</u>				
Births to teens, ages 15–19	26	40.0	14	26.9	-32.8%	21.4	50
<u>Child abuse/neglect</u>	<u>2010</u>		<u>2016</u>				
Children in investigated families	558	135.6	866	236.6	74.5%	112.5	83
Confirmed victims	178	43.3	88	24.0	-44.4%	16.8	42
Children in out-of-home care	28	6.8	23	6.3	-7.6%	4.8	44 of 80
<b>EDUCATION</b>	<u>2006–10 (avg.)</u>		<u>2012–16 (avg.)</u>				
3- and 4-year-olds not in preschool	282	61.7%	180	55.9%	-15.2%	52.7%	36
	<u>2010</u>		<u>2016</u>				
Students not graduating on time	96	32.9%	77	33.5%	1.8%	20.4%	77 of 80
	<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>				
Students not college ready	142	69.3%	122	63.5%	18.9%	65.1%	21 of 81
<u>Not proficient (M-STEP)</u>	<u>2014–15 (SY)</u>		<u>2016–17 (SY)</u>				
Third-graders (English Language Arts)	124	57.7%	128	67.0%	16.1%	55.9%	77
Eighth-graders (Math)	167	72.9%	155	76.7%	5.2%	66.5%	67

<sup>1</sup> A ranking of 1 means a county has the "best" rate compared with other counties in the state. Unless noted, the ranking is based on 82–83 counties.

<sup>2</sup> Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program.

<sup>3</sup> Family income is below 185 percent of poverty level.

\* Sometimes a rate could not be calculated because of low incidence of events or unavailable data. | N/A - not available.

SY - School Year. | M-STEP - Michigan Student Test of Educational Progress was first administered in 2015.



FAMILY SUPPORT PROGRAMS	NUMBER	RATE	MI RATE	ECONOMIC CLIMATE	COUNTY	MICHIGAN
<b>Children receiving...</b>				Unemployment	8.1%	4.9%
• Subsidized child care, ages 0–12 <sup>1</sup>	54	2.1%	2.0%	Median household income	\$37,817	\$52,436
• FIP cash assistance <sup>1,2</sup>	50	1.3%	1.7%	<b>Average cost of full-time child care/month (2017)</b>	\$529	\$575
• Food Assistance Program <sup>1,3</sup>	1,343	34.8%	23.3%	• Percent of full-time minimum wage (2017)	34.4%	37.3%
• Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)	679	75.2%	49.1%	Percent of young children ages 0–5 in Michigan families (2012–16 avg.) where all parents work	74.0%	66.4%
<b>Children with support owed</b>	1,118	27.9%	20.9%			
• Receiving none (% of those owed)	186	16.6%	23.7%			
• Receiving less than 70% of amount	693	62.0%	58.1%			
• Average amount received (month)	\$146	–	\$216			

FAMILY AND COMMUNITY	NUMBER	RATE	MI RATE
Births to moms without high school diploma or GED (2013–15)	26	16.0%	12.5%
High poverty neighborhoods, ages 0–17 (2012–16)	188	5.3%	16.9%
<b>Household structure, ages 0–17</b>			
• Two-parent family	2,015	57.0%	66.1%
• One-parent family	1,518	43.0%	33.9%
<b>Poverty by household structure, ages 0–17 (2012–16)</b>			
• Two-parent family	453	22.5%	10.6%
• One-parent family	687	45.3%	45.5%
English not spoken at home, ages 5–17 (2012–16)	17	0.6%	10.3%

ACCESS TO HEALTHCARE	NUMBER	RATE	MI RATE
Children with health insurance (2015)	3,604	95.6%	96.8%
<b>Children, ages 0–18, insured by...</b>			
• Medicaid <sup>1</sup>	2,475	64.1%	41.5%
• MIChild	93	2.4%	2.0%
Fully immunized toddlers, ages 19–35 months (for the series 4:3:1:3:3:1:4) <sup>1</sup>	195	72.4%	74.2%
<b>Lead poisoning in children, ages 1–2 (2015)</b>			
• Tested	162	44.8%	37.9%
• Poisoned (% of tested) (EBL confirmed by venous)	0	*	1.7%
Children, ages 1–14, hospitalized for asthma (rate per 10,000) (2015)	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Children with special needs</b>			
• Students in Special Education <sup>1</sup>	545	18.2%	13.9%
• Children receiving Supplemental Security Income (rate per 1,000) <sup>1</sup>	103	28.1	19.4
• Children, ages 0–2, receiving Early On services (ISD totals)	74	3.2%	2.9%

<sup>1</sup> As of December 2015.

<sup>2</sup> Family Independence Program.

<sup>3</sup> State name for the federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, formerly called "food stamps." Note: Percentages reflect percent of population unless otherwise noted.

\* Sometimes a rate could not be calculated because of low incidence of events or unavailable data.

N/A - not available.

See Data Notes and Sources for details.